

The Activation of Human Neutrophils

Activation of neutrophils is not an all or nothing phenomenon and each function has its own threshold for a response. Please choose the proper stimulus and proper concentration of the stimulus for your experiment design. Neutrophils are a very sensitive cell type and can be easily activated by reagents. Charles River does not send cells that have been activated.

Materials Needed	Examples of cytokines that can be used for stimulus:
 Culture Medium: RPMI-1640 supplemented with 1-10% autologous serum Washing buffer: PBS without calcium or magnesium 0.5% Human Serum Albumin (HSA) 2mM EDTA 	 Interleukin 8 (IL-8) Leukotriene B4 (LTB4) Platelet-activating factor (PAF) C5a Interleukin 1 (IL-1) Tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF-α)
PBS with calcium and magnesium	Formulated peptide fMLP
Trypan Blue	Phorbol myristate acetate (PMA)
Hemocytometer	PMA with ionomycin
Microscope	Notes
Cell culture flask or 24-well, 48-well, 96-well cell culture plate	Always wear personal protective equipment and use universal precaution when working with human-derived

Protocol

- 1. Thaw cryopreserved neutrophils according to the Charles River "How to Thaw Cryopreserved Cells" protocol.
- 2. Re-suspend the post-thaw neutrophils at 1-5 \times 10 $^{\rm 6}$ cells/ mL.
- 3. Evaluate the cell viability and cell yield of the post-thaw neutrophil by 0.4% trypan blue exclusion method, using a hemocytometer and a microscope. Evaluate cell purity of the post-thaw neutrophil by flow cytometer.
- 4. Plate cells at desired concentration. Add stimulus of choice into neutrophil culture as the experimental group. For example PMA (5ng/mL) or PMA (5ng/mL) + ionomycin (250ng/mL) as the experimental group and PBS with calcium and magnesium as the experimental control group.

5. Put the culture system at 37°C in a humid atmosphere with 5% CO_{2} for 15 min.

biological materials.

Please note: incubation time will need to be adjusted according to the chosen stimulus and experiment design.

6. Assess the activation (calcium mobilization, migration, oxidative burst, phagocytosis, or degranulation) of neutrophil according to experiment design.

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