

# Application note

# NHS ester chemistry labeling protocol of Nanobodies

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#### 1. Introduction

This protocol provides recommendations for the random labeling of ChromoTek Nanobodies containing surface-exposed lysines with NHS-reactive fluorescent dyes by NHS ester chemistry. Note that Nanobodies containing ectopic cysteines are usually not suitable for NHS labeling.

#### 2. General considerations and recommendations

- ► Each fluorescent dye is different and can influence the Nanobody to a different extent. The conditions for labeling must be established individually for each dye.
- ► Remember that Nanobodies are only 1/10 the size of an antibody when antibody labeling kits are used.
- Many fluorescent dyes have a hydrophobic structure. The conjugation of hydrophobic dyes to Nanobodies can affect the solubility of the Nanobody.

## 3. Preparation of dye

- Follow the dye manufacturer's protocol.
- Freshly prepare the dye stock solution immediately before starting the labeling reaction. Functional groups lose their reactivity during storage.



- Adjust the molar excess of the dye according to the dye manufacturer's recommendations. Aim for a degree of labeling of 1.
- Dyes are dissolved in organic solvents. Note that organic solvents can affect the stability and can facilitate precipitation of the Nanobody.

## 4. Preparation of VHH

- ► Centrifuge material before use (20,000x g, 15 min, +4°C).
- Nanobodies are stored in TAPS buffer with sodium azide (25mM TAPS pH 8.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5 mM EDTA, 0.09 % sodium azide). Perform a buffer exchange step to TAPS buffer (25mM TAPS pH 8.5, 500 mM NaCl, 5 mM EDTA) to remove sodium azide. Note that the labeling buffer can influence the labeling efficiency.

# 5. Conjugation reaction

- Mix the diluted dye with the Nanobody.
- ▶ Incubate by end-over-end rotation at room temperature for 1-2 h.

## 6. Removal of unbound dye

- ► Centrifuge the solution after the labeling reaction is completed (20,000x g, 15 min, +4°C) and continue working with the supernatant.
- ➤ Separate unbound dye from the labelled Nanobody by one of the following options or by a combination thereof:
  - o Size exclusion column (length: >30 cm)
  - o Dialysis (molecular weight cut off: 3.5 kDa)
  - o Spin column (molecular weight cut off: 7 kDa)
  - o Desalting column

#### 7. Storage

- ► Aliquot the labelled Nanobody and store at +4°C or -20°C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles. Protect from light.
- Add 0.1% sodium azide for long-term storage to prevent bacterial contamination.

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