

Product Code: metmak

Product Information

Description: The ChromoTek mEos-Trap Magnetic Agarose Kit consists of an anti-mEos Nanobody/VHH, which is coupled to magnetic agarose beads. It also contains lysis, wash, and elution buffers that can be used for the immunoprecipitation of mEos-fusion proteins from cell extracts of various organisms.

Applications: IP, Co-IP

Specificity/Target: Binds specifically to members of the mEos-tag family fused to a protein of interest at N-, C- or internal position. To ensure broad coverage of mEos variants, the Nanobody was optimized for binding to both mEos2 and mEos4b, which are representative of the different lineages of the mEos family. There is no cross-reactivity to other fluorescent proteins such as eGFP.

Binding capacity: 10 μg of recombinant mEOS4b (28 kDa) per 25 μl bead slurry.

Bead Size: 40 µm (cross-linked 6 % magnetic agarose beads)

Elution Buffer: 2x SDS-sample buffer (Lämmli), 200 mM glycine pH 2.5

Wash Buffer Compatibility: 2 M NaCl, 5 mM DTT, 5 mM β-mercaptoethanol, 5 mM TCEP, 2% NP40,

2% Triton X-100, 0.2% SDS, 1 M Urea

Type: Nanobody

Class: Recombinant

Host: Camelid

Shipment: Shipped at ambient temperature

Storage Buffer: 20 % ethanol

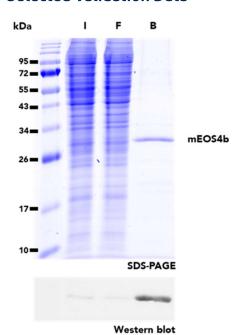
Storage Condition: Upon receipt store at +4°C. Do not freeze!

Stability: Stable for 1 year upon receipt



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Selected Validation Data



Immunoprecipitation of mEos4b protein from transfected HEK293T cells using mEos-Trap Magnetic Agarose. I: Input, F: Flow-through, B: Bound.

Kit Components

Component	Composition	Quantity	
mEos-Trap Magnetic	Anti-mEos VHH cross-linked with	20 rxns (500 ul slurry)	
Agarose	magnetic agarose beads		
Lysis Buffer	10 mM Tris/Cl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.5		
	mM EDTA, 0.5 % Nonidet™ P40	30 mL	
	Substitute, 0.09 % sodium azide		
RIPA Buffer	10 mM Tris/Cl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.5		
	mM EDTA, 0.1 % SDS, 1 % Triton™ X-	30 ml	
	100, 1 % Deoxycholate, 0.09 % sodium	50 mi	
	azide		
Dilution Buffer	10 mM Tris/Cl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.5	50 mL (after dilution with 40 mL	
	mM EDTA, 0.018 % sodium azide	water)	
Wash Buffer	10 mM Tris/Cl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl,	FO and (often dilution with 40 and	
	0.05 % Nonidet™ P40 Substitute, 0.5	50 mL (after dilution with 40 mL	
	mM EDTA, 0.018 % sodium azide	water)	
Acidic elution buffer	200 mM glycine pH 2.5	3 x 1 mL	

Note: Use your equivalent cell lysis buffer for other cell types like yeast, plants, insects, bacteria. Consider using a Wash buffer without detergent for Co-IP.



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Required Buffer Solutions

Buffer	Composition	
	120 mM Tris/Cl pH 6.8, 20% glycerol, 4% SDS,	
2x SDS-sample buffer	0.04% bromophenol blue, 10% β-	
	mercaptoethanol	
Neutralization buffer	1M Tris pH 10.4 (adjust the pH at +4°C	

Product Sizes

Product	Product Code	Size
mEos-Trap Magnetic Agarose Kit	metmak-20	20 reactions including buffers



chromotek[®] mEos-Trap Magnetic Agarose Kit

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Protocol at a glance

Perform all steps at 4°C General Use your preferred cell lysis buffer and cell lysis conditions Use 10⁶-10⁷ cells and 200 µL Lysis Cell Lysis Perform cell lysis and clear lysate Mix 200 µl cleared lysate with 300 µL dilution buffer. • Transfer 25 µL bead slurry into a 1.5 mL Bead **Equilibration** Equilibrate beads 3x with 500 µL dilution buffer **Protein** Add 500 µL diluted lysate to beads binding Rotate end-over-end for 1 hour at 4°C. Wash beads 3x with 500 µL wash buffer Washing Transfer beads to a new tube during the last washing step

Elution with SDS-sample buffer



- Resuspend beads in 80 µL 2x SDSsample buffer
- Boil beads for 5 min at 95°C
- Analyze the supernatant in SDS-PAGE/ Western Blot



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Immunoprecipitation Protocol

Cell Material

The following protocol describes the preparation of a mammalian cell lysate.

For other type of cells, we recommend using 500 μg of cell extract and start the protocol with step Bead equilibration.

Mammalian Cell Lysis

Note: Harvesting of cells and cell lysis should be performed with ice-cold buffers. We strongly recommend adding protease inhibitors to the Lysis buffer to prevent degradation of your target protein and its binding partners.

For one immunoprecipitation reaction, we recommend using $\sim 10^6$ - 10^7 cells.

- 1. Choice of lysis buffer:
- a. For cytoplasmic proteins, resuspend the cell pellet in 200 μ L ice-cold Lysis buffer by pipetting up and down. Supplement Lysis buffer with protease inhibitor cocktail and 1 mM PMSF (not included).
- b. For nuclear/chromatin proteins, resuspend cell pellet in 200 μ L ice-cold RIPA buffer supplemented with DNase I (f.c. 75-150 Kunitz U/mL), MgCl₂ (f.c. 2.5 mM), protease inhibitor cocktail and PMSF (f.c. 1 mM) (not included).
- 2. Place the tube on ice for 30 min and extensively pipette the suspension every 10 min.
- 3. Centrifuge cell lysate at 17,000x g for 10 min at $+4^{\circ}$ C. Transfer cleared lysate (supernatant) to a pre-cooled tube and add 300 μ L Dilution buffer supplemented with 1 mM PMSF and protease inhibitor cocktail (not included). If required, save 50 μ L of diluted lysate for further analysis (input fraction).

Bead Equilibration

- 1. Resuspend the beads by gently pipetting them up and down or by inverting the tube. Do not vortex the beads!
- 2. Transfer 25 µL of bead slurry into a 1.5 mL reaction tube.
- 3. Add 500 µL ice-cold Dilution buffer.
- 4. Separate the beads with a magnet until the supernatant is clear. Discard the supernatant.

Protein Binding

- 1. Add diluted lysate to the equilibrated beads.
- 2. Rotate end-over-end for 1 hour at +4°C.

Washing

- 1. Separate the beads with a magnet until the supernatant is clear.
- 2. If required, save 50 µL of supernatant for further analysis (flow-through/non-bound fraction).
- 3. Discard remaining supernatant.



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- 4. Resuspend beads in 500 μL Wash buffer.
- 5. Separate the beads with a magnet until the supernatant is clear. Discard the remaining supernatant.
- 6. Repeat this step at least twice.
- 7. During the last washing step, transfer the beads to a new tube.

Optional: To increase stringency of the Wash buffer, test various salt concentrations e.g. 150-500 mM, and/or add a non-ionic detergent e.g. Triton™ X-100 (see Wash buffer compatibility information for maximal concentrations).

Elution with 2x SDS-sample buffer (Laemmli)

- 1. Remove the remaining supernatant.
- 2. Resuspend beads in 80 μL 2x SDS-sample buffer.
- 3. Boil beads for 5 min at +95°C to dissociate immunocomplexes from beads.
- 4. Separate the beads with a magnet.
- 5. Analyze the supernatant in SDS-PAGE / Western Blot.

Elution with Acidic Elution Buffer

- 1. Remove the remaining supernatant.
- 2. Add 50-100 μ L Acidic elution buffer and constantly pipette up and down for 30-60 sec at +4°C or room temperature.
- 3. Separate the beads with a magnet until the supernatant is clear.
- 4. Transfer the supernatant to a new tube.
- 5. Immediately neutralize the eluate fraction with 5-10 μL Neutralization buffer.
- 6. Repeat this step at least once to increase elution efficiency.

Note: Elution at room temperature is more efficient than elution at +4°C. Prewarm buffers for elution at room temperature.

Related Products

Product	Code
mEos-Trap Agarose	meta
mEos-Trap Agarose Kit	metak
mEos-Trap Magnetic Agarose	metma



chromotek[®] mEos-Trap Magnetic Agarose Kit

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