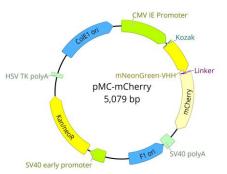
# mNeonGreen Chromobody®- mCherry plasmid



The vector sequence has been compiled using the information from sequence databases, published literature, and other sources, together with partial sequence obtained by ChromoTek. This vector has not been completely sequenced.



For plasmid sequence, please contact info.de@ptglab.com

#### Location of features

PCMV IE: 1-589

Enhancer region: 59-465 TATA box: 554-560

Transcription start point: 583 mNeonGreen-VHH: 616-1020

mCherry: 1036-1740

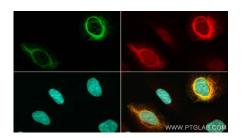
SV40 early mRNA polyA: 1866-1987 f1 replication origin: 1994-2449 SV40 early promoter: 2743-2939 Kanamycin/neomycin resistance gene

Neomycin phosphotransferase coding sequences:

2977-3768

Herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK)

polyadenylation signal: 4000-4047 CoIE1 replication origin: 4300-4982



Product	Code	Size
pMC-mCherry	mcr	20 μg
Vector type Reporter Reporter codon usage Promoter for Chromobody® Host cells Selection	mammalian expression vector mCherry mammalian PCMV IE mammalian prokaryotic – kanamycin eukaryotic - neomycin (G418)	
Replication Use	prokaryotic – ColE1 ori mNeonGreen Chromobody® - mCherry expression in	

mammalian cells to target mNeonGreen tagged proteins.

### **Vector description**

The mNeonGreen Chromobody®- mCherry plasmid (MC-mCherry) is a mammalian expression vector encoding the mNeonGreen-V<sub>H</sub>H fused to red fluorescent protein mCherry. The vector allows expression of mNeonGreen-mCherry fusion protein in eukaryotic (mammalian) cells. Chromobody® codon usage is optimized for high expression in mammalian cells (humanized) [Haas et al. 1996].

The vector backbone contains immediate early promoter of cytomegalovirus (P<sub>CMV</sub> IE) for protein expression, SV40 origin for replication in mammalian cells expressing SV40 T-antigen, ColE1 origin of replication for propagation in *E. coli* and f1 origin for single-stranded DNA production. SV40 polyadenylation signals (SV40 poly A) direct proper processing of the 3'-end of the reporter mRNA.

SV40 early promoter (P<sub>SV40</sub>) provides neomycin resistance gene (Neo<sup>r</sup>) expression to select stably transfected eukaryotic cells using G418. Bacterial promoter (P) provides kanamycin resistance gene expression (Kan<sup>r</sup>) in *E. coli*. Kan<sup>r</sup>/Neo<sup>r</sup> gene is linked with herpes simplex virus (HSV) thymidine kinase (TK) polyadenylation signals.

### Expression in mammalian cells

MC-mCherry vector can be transfected into mammalian cells by any known transfection method. If required, stable transformants can be selected using G418 [Gorman 1985].

## Propagation in E. coli

Suitable host strains for propagation in  $E.\ coli$  include DH5alpha, HB101, XL1-Blue, and other general purpose strains. Plasmid incompatibility group is pMB1/ColE1. The vector confers resistance to kanamycin (30 µg/ml) to  $E.\ coli$  hosts. Copy number in  $E.\ coli$  is about 500.

Note: The plasmid DNA was isolated from dam\*-methylated *E.coli*. Thus, some restriction sites are blocked by methylation. If you wish to digest the vector using such sites you will need to transform the vector into a dam\* host and make fresh DNA.

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